

800mA,2V-6V Input,1.5MHz Synchronous Step-Down Converter

FEATURES

- High Efficiency: Up to 96%
- 1.5MHz Constant Frequency Operation
- 800mA Output Current
- No Schottky Diode Required
- 2V to 6V Input Voltage Range
- PFM Mode for High Efficiency in Light Load
- 100% Duty Cycle in Dropout Operation
- Low Quiescent Current: 20μA
- Slope Compensated Current Mode Control for Excellent Line and Load Transient Response
- Short Circuit Protection
- Thermal Fault Protection
- Inrush Current Limit and Soft Start
- $<1\mu$ A Shutdown Current
- SOT23-5 package

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

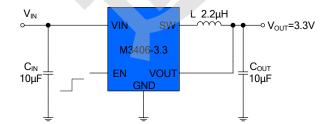
M3406-1.8/M3406-3.3 is a constant frequency, current mode step-down converter. The device integrates a main switch and synchronous rectifier for high efficiency without an external Schottky diode. It is ideal for powering portable equipment that runs from a single cell Lithium-Ion (Li+)battery. The M3406-1.8/M3406-3.3 can also run at 100% duty cycle for low dropout operation, extending battery life in portable system. This device offers two operation modes, PWM control and PFM Mode switching control, which allows a high efficiency over the wider range of the load.

The M3406-1.8/M3406-3.3 is offered in low profile 5-pin, SOT package.

APPLICATIONS

- Cellular and Smart Phones
- Wireless and DSL Modems
- PDAs
- Portable Instruments
- Digital Still and Video Cameras
- DTV

TYPICAL APPLICATION



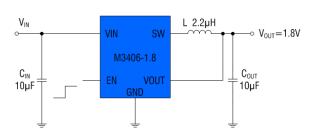


Figure 1. Basic Application Circuit

ABSOLUT€ MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Input Supply Voltage0.3V to 6.5V	Junction Temperature(Note2)150°C
EN, VOUT Voltages0.3V to $(V_{IN} + 0.3V)$	Operating Temperature Range40°C to 85°C
SW Voltage0.3V to $(V_{IN}+0.3V)$	Lead Temperature(Soldering,10s)300°C
Power Dissipation0.4W	Storage Temperature Range65°C to 150°C
Thermal Resistance θ _{JC} 130°C/W	ESD HBM(Human Body Mode)2kV
Thermal Resistance θ_{JA} 250°C/W	ESD MM(Machine Mode)200V

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

	Order Part Number	Package	Top Marking
TOP VIEW EN 1 5 VOUT GND 2	M3406-1.8	S0T23-5	WS-018
SW 3 4 VIN 5-LEAD PLASTIC SOT-23 T _{JMAX} = 150°C, θ _{JA} = 250°C/W, θ _{JC} = 130°C/W	M3406-3.3	S0T23-5	WS-033

PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Name	Pin Number	Description
EN	1	Chip Enable Pin. Drive EN above 1.5V to turn on the part. Drive EN below 0.3V to turn it off. Do not leave EN floating.
GND	2	Analog ground pin.
SW	3	Power Switch Output. It is the switch node connection to Inductor. This pin connects to the drains of the internal P-ch and N-ch MOSFET switches.
VIN	4	Power Supply Input.Must be closely decoupled to GND with a $4.7\mu F$ or greater ceramic capacitor.
VOUT	5	Output Voltage Feedback Pin. This pin connects to the OUT.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 3)

 $(V_{IN}=V_{EN}=3.6V, T_A=25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Voltage Range		2		6	V
Input DC Supply Current	(Note 4)				μ A
PWM Mode	$V_{OUT} = 90\%$, $I_{LOAD} = 0$ mA		140	300	μ A
PFM Mode	$V_{OUT} = 105\%$, $I_{LOAD} = 0$ mA		20	35	μ A
Shutdown Mode	$V_{EN} = 0V$, $V_{IN} = 4.2V$		0.1	1.0	μΑ
V _{out}	M3406-1.8, I _{OUT} =100mA	1.764	1.800	1.836	V
V OUT	M3406-3.3, I _{OUT} =100mA	3.234	3.300	3.366	V
Reference Voltage Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V$		0.04	0.40	%/V
Output Voltage Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V$		0.04	0.40	%
Output Voltage Load			0.5		%
Regulation			0.0		/0
Oscillation Frequency	$V_{OUT} = 100\%$		1.5		MHz
Oscillation Frequency	$V_{OUT} = 0V$		300		kHz
On Resistance of PMOS	I _{sw} =100mA		300	450	$m\Omega$
On Resistance of NMOS	I_{SW} =-100mA		300	450	$m\Omega$
Peak Current Limit	$V_{IN} = 3V, V_{OUT} = 90\%$		1.5		Α
EN High-Level Input Voltage	V _{ENH}	1.5			V
EN Low-Level Input Voltage	V _{ENL}			0.4	٧
EN Leakage Current			±0.01	±1.0	μΑ
SW Leakage Current	$V_{EN}=0V, V_{IN}=V_{SW}=5V$		±0.01	±1.0	μ A

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

Note 2: T_J is calculated from the ambient temperature T_A and power dissipation P_D according to the following formula: $T_J = T_A + (P_D) \times (250^{\circ}\text{C/W})$.

Note 3: 100% production test at +25°C. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 4: Dynamic supply current is higher due to the gate charge being delivered at the switching frequency.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The M3406-1.8/M3406-3.3 high is a performance. 800mA. 1.5MHz monolithic step-down converter. The M3406-1.8/M3406-3.3 requires only three external power components (C_{IN} , C_{OUT} and L). At dropout operation, the converter duty cycle increases to 100% and the output voltage tracks

the input voltage minus the $R_{DS(ON)}$ drop of the high-side MOSFET.

The internal error amplifier and compensation provides excellent transient response, load, and line regulation. Soft start function prevents input inrush current and output overshoot during start up.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Inductor Selection

For most designs, the M3406-1.8/M3406-3.3 operates with inductors of $1\mu H$ to $4.7\mu H$. Low inductance values are physically smaller but require faster switching, which results in some efficiency loss. The inductor value can be derived from the following equation:

$$L = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}} \times \left(V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}}\right)}{V_{\text{IN}} \times \Delta I_{\text{L}} \times f_{\text{OSC}}}$$

Where Δ I_L is inductor Ripple Current. Large value inductors result in lower ripple current and small value inductors result in high ripple current. For optimum voltage-positioning load transients, choose an inductor with DC series resistance in the $50m\Omega$ to $150m\Omega$ range.

Input Capacitor Selection

The input capacitor reduces the surge current drawn from the input and switching noise from the device. The input capacitor impedance at the switching frequency should be less than input source impedance to prevent high frequency switching current passing to the input. A low ESR input capacitor sized for maximum RMS current must be used. Ceramic capacitors with X5R or X7R dielectrics are highly

recommended because of their low ESR and small temperature coefficients. A 4.7μ F ceramic capacitor for most applications is sufficient. A large value may be used for improved input voltage filtering.

Output Capacitor Selection

The output capacitor is required to keep the output voltage ripple small and to ensure regulation loop stability. The output capacitor must have low impedance at the switching frequency. Ceramic capacitors with X5R or X7R dielectrics are recommended due to their low ESR and high ripple current ratings. The output ripple $\triangle V_{\text{OUT}}$ is determined by:

$$\Delta V_{\text{OUT}} \leq \frac{V_{\text{OUT}} \times (V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}})}{V_{\text{IN}} \times f_{\text{OSC}} \times L} \times \left(\text{ESR} + \frac{1}{8 \times f_{\text{OSC}} \times C_{\text{OUT}}} \right)$$

A 10μ F ceramic can satisfy most applications.

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PCB Layout Recommendations

When laying out the printed circuit board, the following checking should be used to ensure proper operation of the M3406-1.8/M3406-3.3. Check the following in your layout:

- The power traces, consisting of the GND trace, the SW trace and the VIN trace should be kept short, direct and wide
- Does the (+) plates of C_{IN} connect to VIN as closely as possible. This capacitor provides the AC current to the internal power MOSFETs.
- Keep the switching node, SW, away from the sensitive V_{OUT} node.

 \succ Keep the (-) plates of C_{IN} and C_{OUT} as close as possible

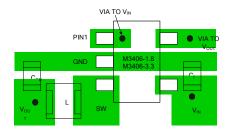
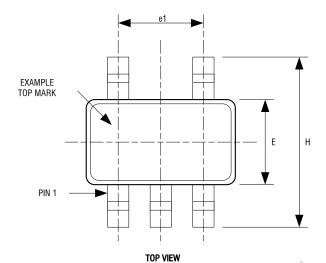


Figure 3. M3406-1.8/M3406-3.3 Suggested Layout



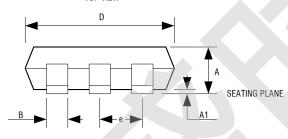
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

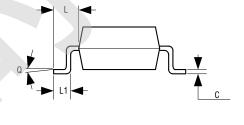
S0T23-5



5LD SOT-23 PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

Dimension	Min.	Max.	
А	1.05	1.35	
A1	0.04	0.15	
В	0.3	0.5	
С	0.09 0.2		
D	2.8	3.0	
H	2.5	3.1	
E	1.5	1.7	
е	0.95 REF.		
e1	1.90 REF.		
L1	0.2	0.55	
L	0.35	0.8	
Q	0°	10°	





FRONT VIEW SIDE VIEW

- NOTE:
 1.DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
 2.DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
 3.DIMENSIONS ARE INCLUSIVE OF PLATING
 4.DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH AND METAL BURR